

HAYABUSA

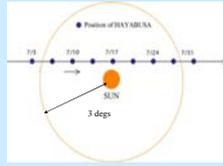
Engineering



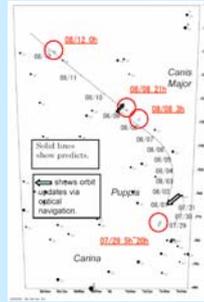
Launch



Earth swingby



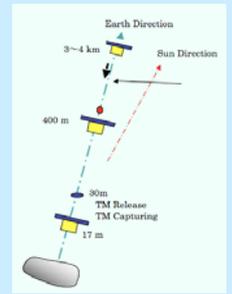
Solar conjunction



Optical navigation



Operation near Itokawa



Touchdown

Instruments



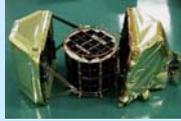
AMICA



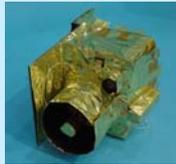
Target marker



Sampler



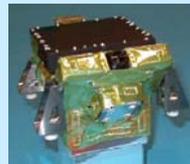
MINERVA



LIDAR



NIRS



XRS



Ion engine



Capsule and reentry



Mission Objectives:

<Technology Demonstration>

- (1) Electric propulsion in deep space
- (2) Autonomous navigation
- (3) Sample collection in mG
- (4) Earth direct re-entry

<Science Challenges>

- (1) First look of sub-km asteroids
- (2) Asteroid-meteorite connection
- (3) Solar system genesis

<Other Interests>

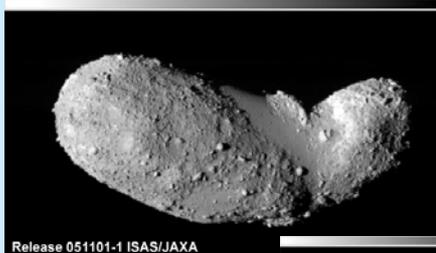
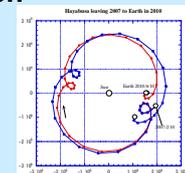
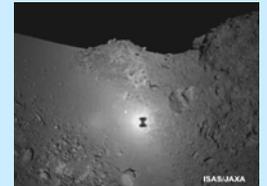
- (1) Potentially hazardous asteroids
- (2) Future space resource utilization

Achievements:

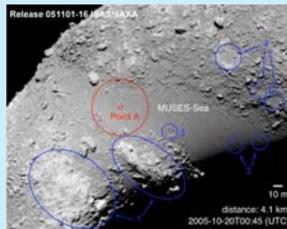
- IES operation in >30,000 hrs
- First landing and ascent from asteroids
- S-type asteroids linked with LL chondrites
- Proved rubble pile asteroids exist
- Discovered granular mobility in mG geology
- Delivered 880,000 names from 149 nations on the asteroid surface

Future Prospects:

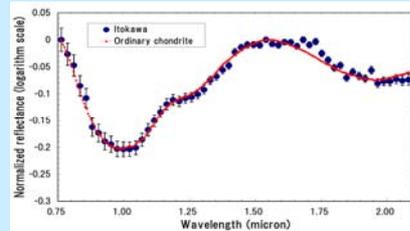
- First round-trip beyond the Moon
- Sample return in 2010
- Follow-on missions to C-type asteroids and other primitive bodies



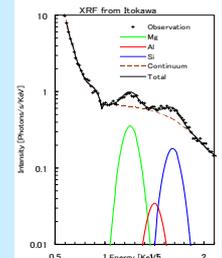
Release 051101-1 ISAS/JAXA



Release 051101-10 ISAS/JAXA



Data of NIRS

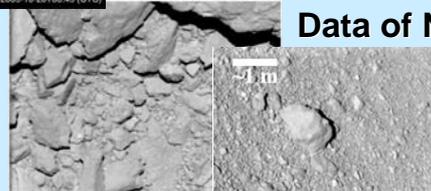


Data of XRS

Strange looking surface



Release 051101-2 ISAS/JAXA

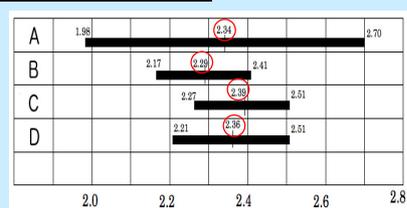


Features of surface

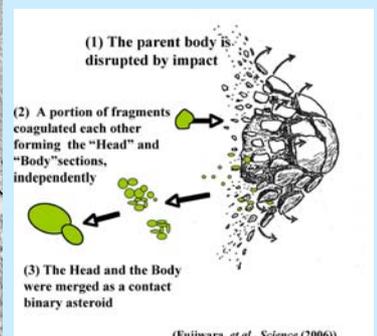
Science



Color variation



Mass, shape, density



(Fujiwara, et al., Science (2006))

Origin